

# The Difference Between the Political Left & The Right; Liberal/Progressive & The Conservative

The Haves = The Left

The kings and queens of  
old and their nobles

Additionally, they seek equality before the law  
in pursuing the first dictum of life, which is to  
say that striving for life, liberty, and the pursuit  
of happiness is the essence of being a  
conservative and being on the right side of the  
political spectrum.

Amendments 14, 15, 19

These individuals (slaves, serfs,  
proletariats) seek first and foremost  
fairness and equality before the law of  
society so that they may strive equally for  
betterment in their lives.

Amendments 4, 5, 9, 10, and  
article 1, section 10 of the  
constitution

These individuals seek the first dictum of life  
and economics which is that all life seeks that  
which is good for it and continually seeks that  
which is good for it.

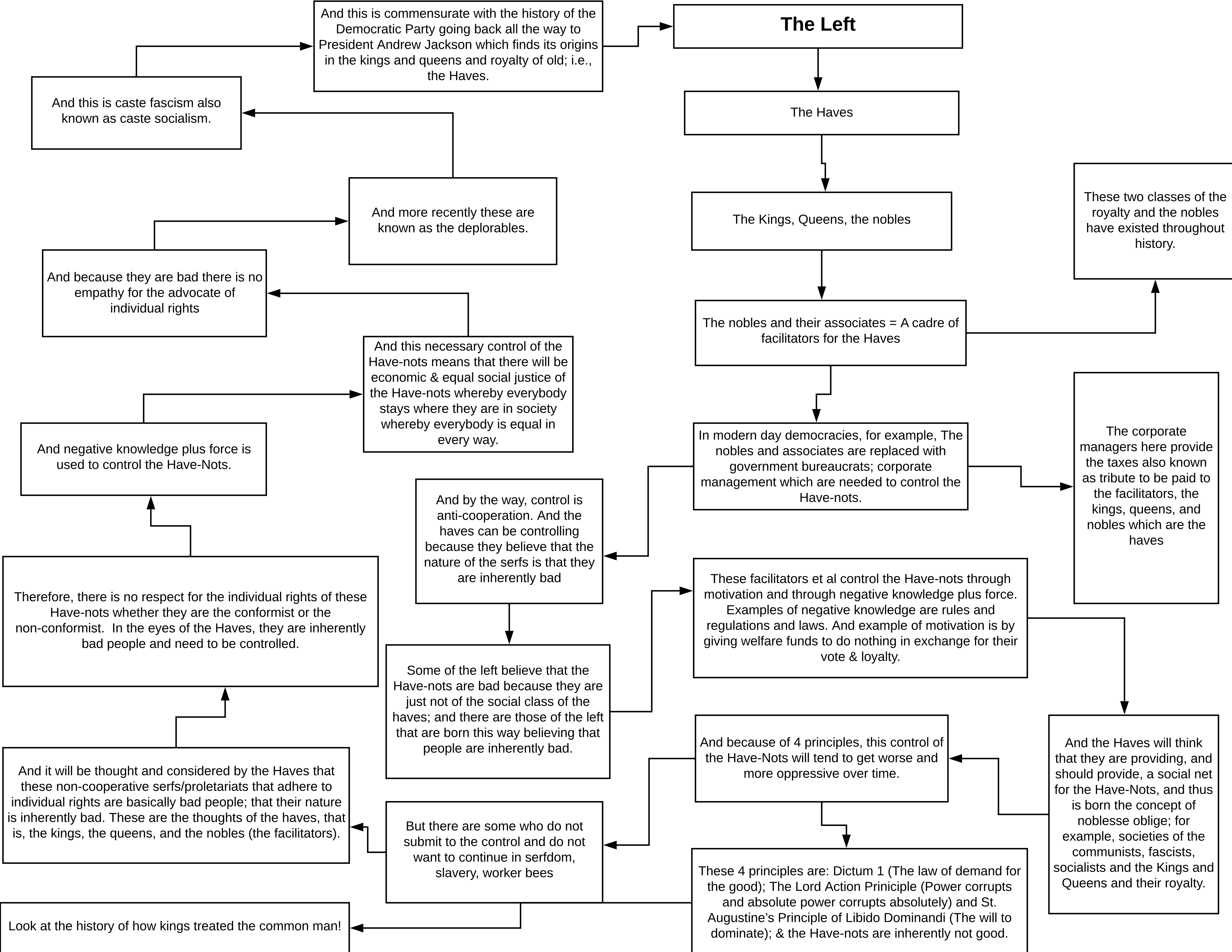
The Have Nots = The Right

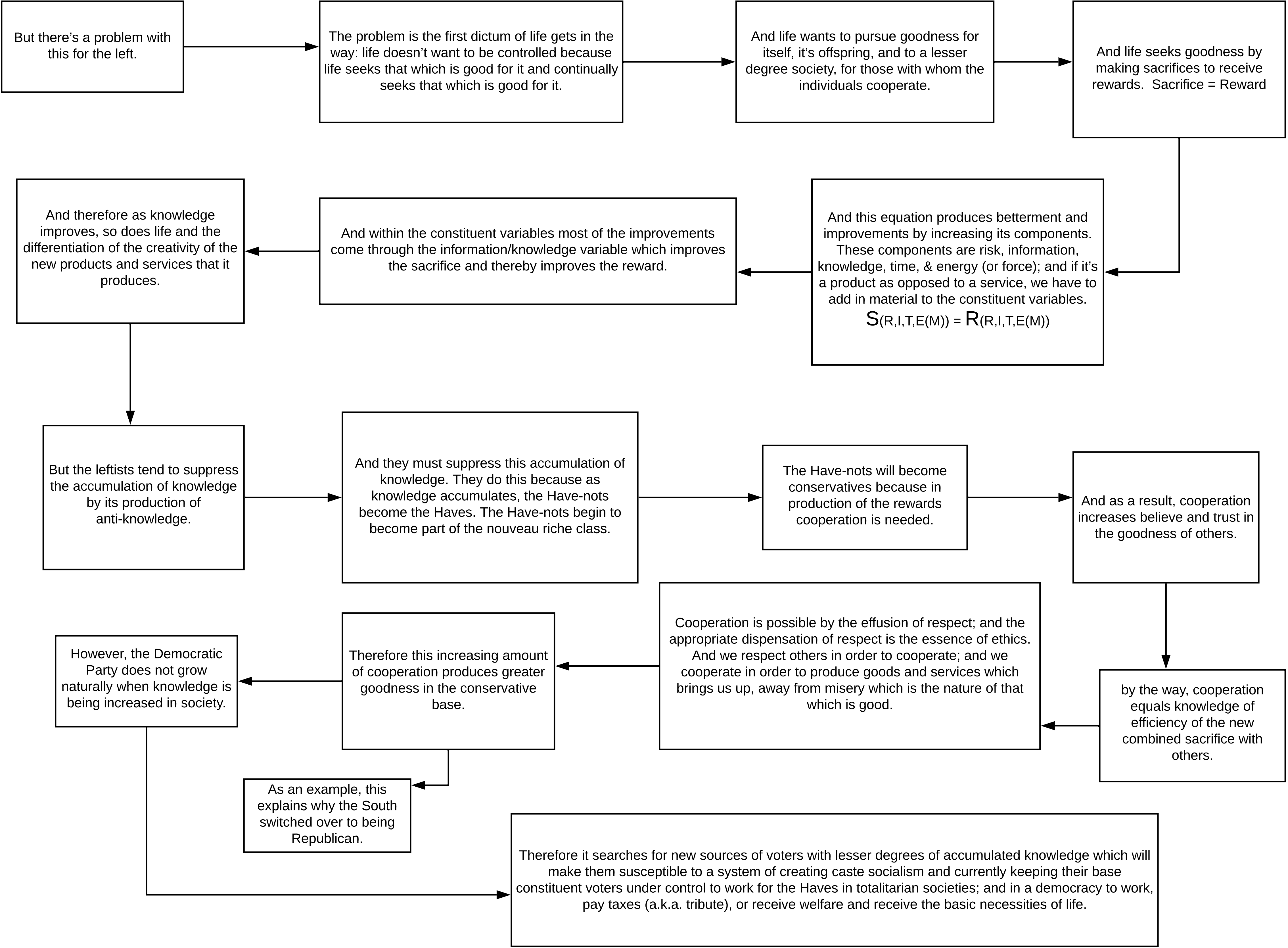
The workers, the serfs, the  
proletariats, the slaves

They seek the first dictum plus  
the five corollaries of peace  
and free market enterprise.

Peace/Good = Freedom (S = Rwd) + Motivation (S:Rwd) +  
Cooperation + Competition (Law of  
Convergence/Divergence)

When these individuals of  
society strive for goodness, they  
are at peace because they are  
fulfilling their objective





And thus, the leftist Haves will naturally control the unions because the unions are made up of workers that are all approximately the same in the degree of knowledge under which they operate. That is, they are uniform in the amount of knowledge they possess in order to do their jobs. Differentiation of product and services is of no concern to the unions.

In the union situation, they will work to make everybody of equal knowledge suppressing the law of differentiation which causes new products and services to be produced.

Otherwise, they will leave the plantation.

And so as society prospers through the increase in knowledge and in a democracy (assuming elections are fair), the left loses voters and will actually become a minority party! And it loses voters because it's voters are becoming prosperous going from the Have-Nots to the nouveau riche segment of society and not needing the democratic party anymore!

And the Haves know this! Given the chance, they always try to cheat at elections. And if they get full control of the government, they never give it up. And thus, elections become unfair and elections become controlled! How do we know this? We know this empirically from history. Wherever the left gets hold of a nation, they get hold of the ballot box also.

Look at Nazi Germany, look at Pol Pot, look at Mao, look at Stalin, look at fascist Italy under Mussolini, and the list goes on. Most recently look at Venezuela! Look at CCP!

But it was possible because the Have-nots believe that people are basically good; and all should be treated equally before the law.

But one could say that the Right would do the same thing in controlling the ballot box but it does not! If it did, the founding of this country with its constitution & amendments would've been impossible.

Article 1, Section 10:

No State shall enter into any Treaty, Alliance, or Confederation; grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal; coin Money; emit Bills of Credit; make any Thing but gold and silver Coin a Tender in Payment of Debts; pass any Bill of Attainder, ex post facto Law, or Law impairing the Obligation of Contracts, or grant any Title of Nobility.

Amendment 1: Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press, or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

A4: The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no Warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by Oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

A5: No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the Militia, when in actual service in time of War or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

A7: Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

A9: The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

A10: The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

A14: All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

A15: The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

A19: The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex.